

Crystal Ball Prototype Data for P+Li7
(from CB Note 231 Figure 19)

Gary Godfrey
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 with calculated curve

i1 := 0.. 49

i2 := 25.. 49

i3 := 50.. 74

i4 := 75.. 99

counts_{i1} :=

0
0
0
0
2
1
1
2
2
6
4
7
6
3
10
11
5
12
3
8
9
10
13
9
15

counts_{i2} :=

13
14
19
28
28
18
28
24
27
41
32
38
29
38
48
61
55
51
58
40
53
54
50
50
56

counts_{i3} :=

43
44
53
42
36
35
58
68
84
74
96
121
140
134
153
151
158
143
123
95
102
76
48
45
31

counts_{i4} :=

29
21
9
9
9
1
1
2
1
1
0
2
0
0
1
1
0
2
0
1
0
0
0
0
0

i := 0.. 99

length(counts) = 100

E_i := .27·i

total := \sum_i counts_i

total = 3335

counts_u_i := counts_i + $\sqrt{\text{counts}_i}$

counts_d_i := counts_i - $\sqrt{\text{counts}_i}$

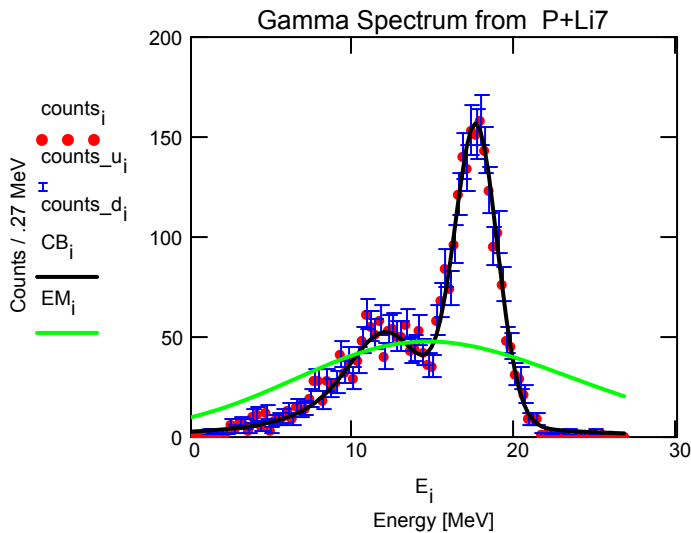
$E_{res_1} := 12.$	[MeV]	$E_{res_2} := 17.6$	[MeV]
$\Gamma_1 := 5$	[MeV]	$\Gamma_2 := .010$	[MeV]
$\sigma_{CB_1} := .10 \cdot E_{res_1}$	[MeV]	$\sigma_{CB_2} := .074 \cdot E_{res_2}$	[MeV]
$\sigma_{EM_1} := .50 \cdot E_{res_1}$	[MeV]	$\sigma_{EM_2} := .50 \cdot E_{res_2}$	[MeV]
$effic_{CB_1} := 1.$		$effic_{CB_2} := 1.$	
$effic_{EM_1} := .69$		$effic_{EM_2} := 1$	

Convolve the Lorentzian line width and the Gaussian detector resolution.

$$\text{Dist}(E, \sigma, E_{res}, \Gamma) := \int_{E_{res} - 20 \cdot \Gamma}^{E_{res} + 20 \cdot \Gamma} \left[\frac{1}{\sigma \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot \pi}} \cdot e^{-\frac{(E - \xi)^2}{2 \cdot \sigma^2}} \right] \cdot \left[\frac{\frac{\Gamma}{2 \cdot \pi}}{(\xi - E_{res})^2 + \frac{\Gamma^2}{4}} \right] d\xi$$

$$CB_i := .27 \cdot \sum_{k=1}^2 \text{effic}_{CB_k} \cdot \text{Dist}(E_i, \sigma_{CB_k}, E_{res_k}, \Gamma_k) \quad \text{sumCB} := \sum_i CB_i \quad CB_i := \frac{\text{total}}{\text{sumCB}} \cdot CB_i$$

$$EM_i := .27 \cdot \sum_{k=1}^2 \text{effic}_{EM_k} \cdot \text{Dist}(E_i, \sigma_{EM_k}, E_{res_k}, \Gamma_k) \quad \text{sumEM} := \sum_i EM_i \quad EM_i := \frac{\text{total}}{\text{sumEM}} \cdot EM_i$$



For the Crystal Ball data, the first peak is a Lorentzian with its natural width broader than the detector resolution, while the second peak is a Lorentzian of $\Gamma=10$ KeV so we are seeing the Gaussian detector resolution. Equal flux for the two peaks seems to fit the Crystal Ball data. For the EM, the detector resolution will dominate the natural width of both peaks.