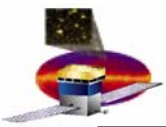


GLAST Large Area Telescope: I&T Integration Readiness Review

Online Peer Review
July 21, 2004

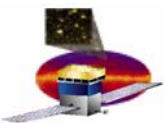
User Scripts

Lester Miller
I&T Online
SLAC



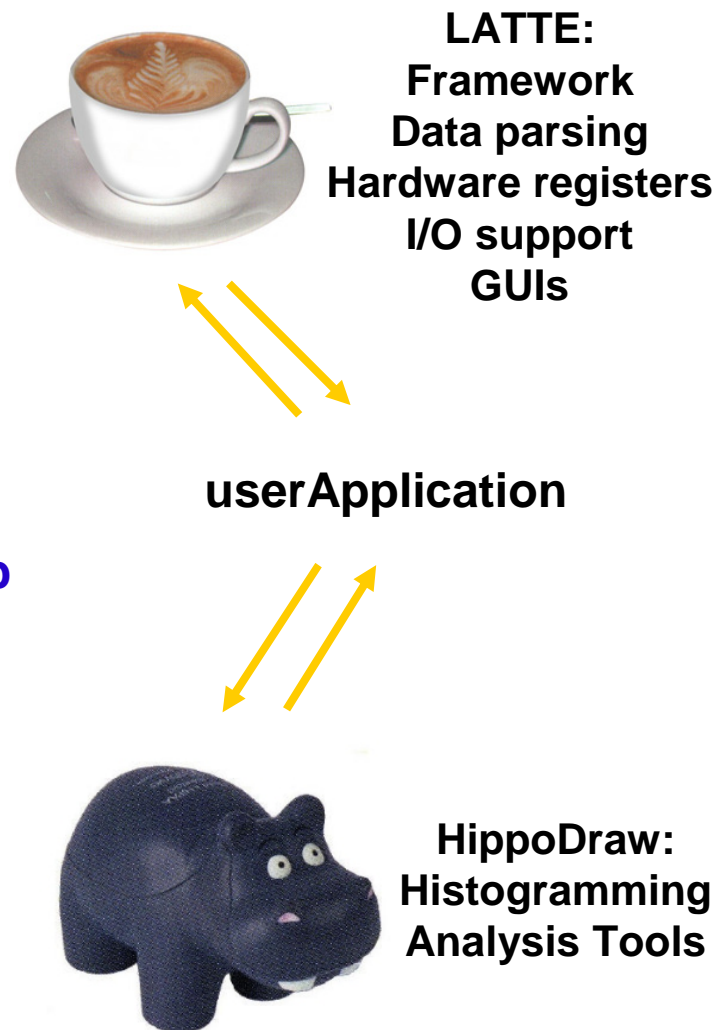
Shift Perspective to User

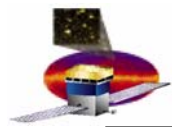
- What the user script sees
- HippoDraw: a visualization and analysis package
- Summary of user scripts
- How the user implements a script
- Running the user scripts:
 - Experiences with and lessons from EM2



What the User Sees

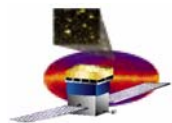
- **LATTE provides:**
 - Framework of state machine
 - Libraries for data parsing, report production, configuring hardware registers, etc.
- **HippoDraw provides:**
 - Visualization (histograms)
 - Analysis tools (fitting, ntuple projection, plotting)
- **User provides a script:**
 - Setup()/StartRun(): hardware set-up (beyond configuration input file)
 - Running(): The Algorithm. How many events with which hardware state (Event collection loop)
 - StopRun(): Analysis of collected data and completion status (Pass/Fail)





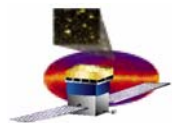
HippoDraw: Visualization Package

- HippoDraw is used by the scripts for data analysis
- Capabilities:
 - Real-time plotting of histograms
 - In-memory ntupling with dynamic histogram projection or statically defined histograms
 - “Inspector” GUI for real-time user interaction (rebin histograms, display format, creation of new ntuple projections)
 - Histogram fitting
 - Ntuple and Histogram storage
 - Storing plots as images for output
- Can also be used standalone for data analysis outside of LATTE (e.g. in a multicast consumer for plotting data)
- Supported locally: can add features as we request them



Summary of User Scripts

- **Users are:**
 - **Subsystem deliverers:** writing acceptance tests for flight hardware
 - **I&T:** Scripts for testing interaction of LAT components, inter-subsystem timing requirements
 - **Any other online DAQ need which arises**
- **Online group's role is to support the delivered scripts and write the I&T scripts**
- **Framework allows quick setup of new event collection algorithms as need arises**
- **Philosophy: Scripts are to perform both data collection and analysis (no 'offline' component)**
- **Subsystem scripts: See LAT-TD-02834**
 - **Subsystems scripts from CAL, TKR, ACD, and Electronics (ELX)**
 - **Register exercise**
 - **Pedestals (Noise/Dead/Hot)**
 - **Gain and linearity**
 - **Threshold/Charge Inject DAC characterization**
 - **Most are already functional and preliminary versions are being exercised**
 - **Will become separate packaged releases**



User Script Example: TkrNoiseAndGain

Setup:

Configure tracker
Configure trigger: charge injection

Algorithm:

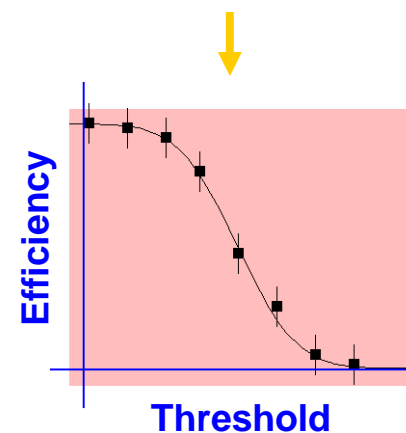
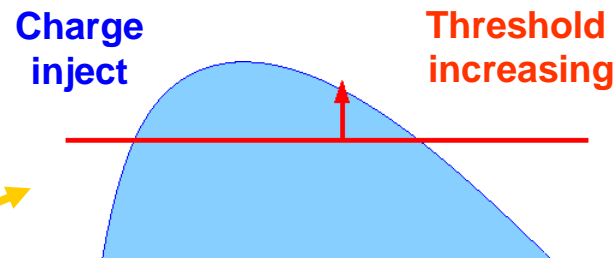
Charge inject constant amount
Step through increases in
Accept threshold

Analysis:

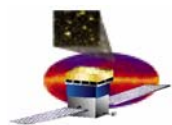
Fit each efficiency vs. threshold
to error function
Extract a noise and gain from
Fit mean and width

Cleanup:

Produce reports
Decide status



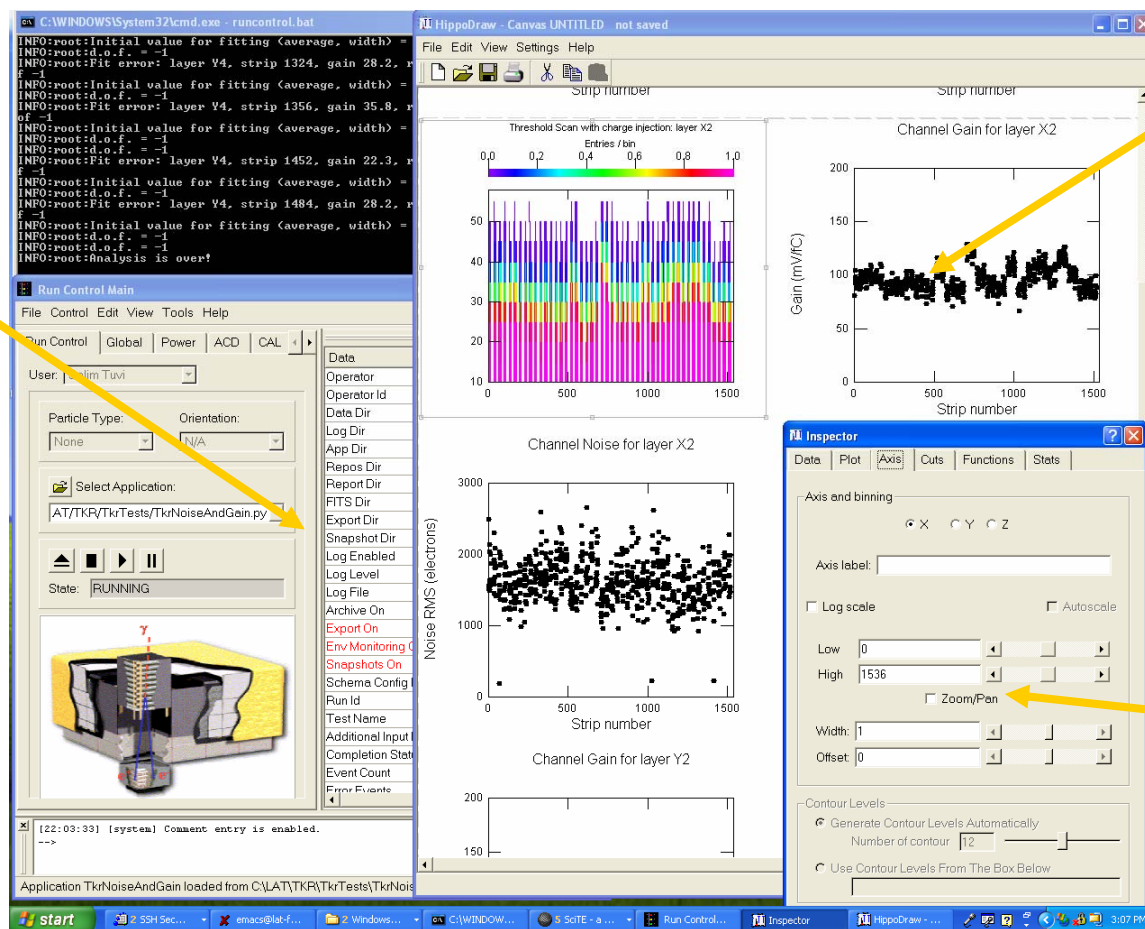
PASS!



User Script Example: Screenshot

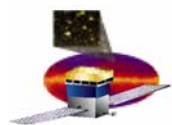
This is what it looks like while running in LATTE:

LATTE
RunControl
GUI



Script
Plots

HippoDraw
Inspector



User Script example, cont.

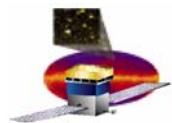
Produces a Report output (html):

Status return

Links to associated files

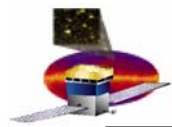
Embedded plot
Picture from HippoDraw

The screenshot shows two side-by-side HTML reports in Adobe Reader. The left report is for 'Layer X2' and the right is for 'Layer Y2'. Both reports include a 'Noise plot' (Channel Noise for layer X2/Y2) showing 'Noise RMS (electrons)' vs 'Strip number'. The 'Status' for both is 'Passed'. The 'Gain and Noise data Ntuple' and 'Occupancy data Ntuple' are linked to files like 'TkrNoiseAndGain_LayerX2_501001912.nt'. The 'Channels with noise higher than 3000 electrons (ENC)' are listed as [1164] for Layer X2 and [190, 1073] for Layer Y2. The 'Occupancy plot' for Layer X2 is a color-coded plot showing 'Threshold Scan with charge injection: layer X2' vs 'Strip number'. The 'Gain plot' for Layer X2 is a line plot showing 'Gain (mV/FC)' vs 'Strip number'. The 'Noise plot' for Layer Y2 is a scatter plot showing 'Noise RMS (electrons)' vs 'Strip number'. The 'Gain plot' for Layer Y2 is a line plot showing 'Gain (mV/FC)' vs 'Strip number'. The 'Occupancy plot' for Layer Y2 is a color-coded plot showing 'Threshold Scan with charge injection: layer Y2' vs 'Strip number'.



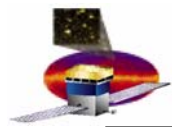
Current Status

- We have run preliminary subsystem scripts with the EM2 mini-Tower:
 - 4 x-y tracker layers
 - 2 calorimeter layers
- We have run with a variety of hardware configurations:
 - mini-Tower in test stand
 - mini-Tower in Test stand with a GASU
 - Different triggering hardware
 - Event data has other contributors: event builder
 - Different data flow (through event builder)
 - mini-Tower attached to test bed
 - Test addressing different tower
 - Different power supply
- We ran with read-only LATTE code (centrally served), will migrate to more 'realistic' testing conditions as it is possible



Current Status

- **Lessons learned (and being addressed):**
 - **In running with EM2 we found several assumptions valid only for local installations and/or test stands**
 - **TEM address hardcoded**
 - **Assuming raw data has only one contribution (TEM)**
 - **Scripts are not completely insulated from hardware attached**
 - **Trigger hardware in test stand and GASU have different behaviour**
 - **Some extra registers exist in GASU/test-bed which may need configuring**
 - **Scripts make assumptions about user writeable areas**
- **Exercising user scripts with more complex hardware has had no show-stoppers. We are ready for multiple tower readout.**
- **I&T scripts still need to be written (in progress)**



And for the future

- **Further possibilities:**
 - **Users can bundle several scripts in a “testSuite”**
 - Chain together scripts, only proceed if script returns Pass status
 - Can simplify acceptance testing for operators
 - Framework in place, not tested by any users (yet)
 - **Scripts can ‘replay’ data taken to reproduce analyses using a local event server serving from a file**
 - Generally we will archive all raw data taken
 - This has not been fully tested but may prove useful